

## AMERICAN IN A TRAP SHOT DOWN BY REBELS

Albert Fountain, Prisoner of War,  
Forced to Make an Attempt  
to Escape.

## KILLED IN COLD BLOOD

Washington Protests Against Ex-  
ecution—Guards Murder Him  
Through Trick.

El Paso, Tex., April 10.—Albert Fountain of Las Cruces, N. M., son of a lawyer at that State, was executed by Mexican rebels on Tuesday morning at Parral. He was killed for having operated a machine gun against them while they were attacking the town. Details were sent to El Paso by a courier from THE SUN's field correspondent to-day. He was given a chance to "escape" and shot by guards "planted" for the purpose.

Fountain, who had been working in the mines around Parral as a shift foreman, was thrown out of work a few weeks ago when the mines were forced to close down.

Pancho Villa, commanding the Federal garrison, offered Fountain the job of working a machine gun. Fountain was in command of a gun throughout the three days' battle before the rebels beat Villa back out of the city. When the rebels captured the town Fountain hid part of the mechanism of the gun and took refuge in a drug store, where the rebels later found him.

The story of his death as told by the field correspondent follows:

Fountain was taken to the headquarters of Gen. Ynez Salazar, commander of the rebels, and after a grueling led his captors to the hiding place of the gun handle. Sunday night he was confined in a room under guard. Monday afternoon he walked with me from the Jofatara across the plaza, apparently without guard. He said he believed he was "in for it" and returned the opinion that the object of getting him the apparent freedom of the city was to induce him to attempt to escape that they might implore the "ley" (law of fight) and kill him as he did.

James I. Long, the American consular agent, had taken up the matter with Washington and every possible pressure was being brought to bear upon Gen. Salazar to refrain from inflicting the death penalty. As we talked Fountain was called for by two junior officers, who led him away, and that was the last time he was seen by me until about 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, when his body, fully armed, except as to shoes and leggings, and with a bullet hole through the head, was found about four hundred yards south of El Elmaciano (Packing House), upon the western outskirts of the city.

"At the Jofatara late Monday afternoon it was learned that Fountain had been condemned to die by 'fusilade' (firing squad) under the suspension of guarantees. This fact was communicated to a number of Americans who took the matter up with Consular Agent Long.

"At about 11:30 o'clock Monday night Mr. Long called upon Gen. Salazar and urged that Fountain's sentence be stayed for twenty-four hours, and it is said upon being refused, flashed upon the General a message said to be from the authorities at Washington and couched in most forcible terms with the remark that he had been instructed to deliver the message only as a last resort. The text or tenor of the message was not made public. The only satisfaction Mr. Long got was that if possible he (Gen. Salazar) would stay the execution. In the meantime Fountain had been removed from the Jofatara to the Packing House, which had been converted into a temporary fortress.

"It is supposed that the legal execution of the firing squad was stayed, but that early Tuesday morning Fountain was taken out of the enclosure and induced to try to escape with the result that he was shot while running in the direction of the hills. A Mexican lad who said he had seen the whole affair said that some time after daylight twelve men came out of the fort and that finally one of them broke and ran. When the runner had got a short distance away the others began firing at him. Beyond admitting that Fountain had been killed while trying to escape and 'deploring' that it had been found necessary to resort to extreme measures under the circumstances, Gen. Salazar refused to discuss the matter, pleading that his entire attention must be given to preparations for the departure with his army overland to Juarez. He gave an order to deliver the body to J. A. Krotte, who with the assistance of other members of the American colony gave it decent burial."

Mexico City, April 10.—A petition signed by 300 Americans protesting against the manner in which the Krag-Jorgensen rifles shipped here are being distributed was sent to President Taft today. The rifles were sent here by special order of the United States Government so that American citizens could protect themselves in case of riots, and while they arrived more than a few have been taken out by the citizens as they are being held at \$40 each. Americans assert that the rifles shipped here are of a pattern discarded by the United States army several years ago and can be bought in shops carrying discarded army goods in the States for \$150.

Five hundred Federals and rebels have been killed in thirty hours fighting at forty miles south of Mexico city. The result of the battle is still in doubt and fighting continued to-day. The outcome is anxiously awaited by President Madero.

Washington, April 10.—The State Department has directed Ambassador Wilson at Mexico city to investigate the killing of Fountain, and further action of the department will depend on Wilson's report.

**AIR RACE PRIZE OF \$20,000.**

"Matin" Announces Award for Pe-  
kin to Paris Contest.

Paris, April 10.—The Matin announces that the first prize for its Pekin to Paris contest will be \$20,000. The prize will be \$5,000 and from London to Krakow to Tomsk, and from Tomsk to Warsaw to Vienna to Berlin to Genoa to Marseilles and back to Paris.

## WU TING FANG COMING BACK.

Chinese Republic Appoints Him to  
Old Post.

Marcini Wireless Dispatch to THE SUN. SHANGHAI, China, April 10.—Wu Ting-fang, for years Minister to the United States from the old Chinese Empire, was today nominated by Yuan Shih Kai, President of the Chinese Republic, to represent the new Government in the United States.

News of the appointment of the former Minister was received at his headquarters here from Peking. Wu had been under consideration for the post at the head of the Foreign Office in the new Cabinet, but it was finally decided that his wide acquaintance and popularity in the United States would make his services there of greater value to the republic.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Official and social Washington was pleased to-day to hear that Dr. Wu Ting-fang was coming back to the United States as the representative of the new Chinese republic. No member of the diplomatic corps ever achieved the social fame of Wu, the irrepressible, the unique and the learned during his seven years' service as Minister here for the empire. Dr. Wu first came to Washington in 1897, remaining until 1902. The "recall" was worked on him then, but he was returned five years later and stayed until 1909. At the State Department to-day it was said that Dr. Wu's return as the first Minister of the Chinese republic was due to his friendship for President Yuan Shih Kai and the great affection with which Wu is universally regarded in America. Mrs. Wu is also a great social favorite. Dr. Wu's new "status" are anxiously awaited. He is famous here for his endless questions and his unceremonious behavior.

## FINDS HITITE SCULPTURES.

Baron Oppenheim Discovers Sym-  
bolic Figures of 1400 B. C.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, April 10.—Details have been received of further discoveries by Baron Oppenheim of Cologne at Telhalef, the Hittite, capital of the fourteenth century. B. C. Gigantic foundations which are supposed to be those of a royal palace were excavated and paring revealed a series of stone reliefs in almost perfect condition. One hundred and seventy of these sculptures were unearthed.

Some of these figures were noteworthy. One was that of an enthroned king facing Assyrianlike bullmen who bore a symbol of the sun. Another figure was similar to Hercules. It was clothed in a lion's skin and carried a club. One of the most elaborate figures represents a bearded man being fettered to two youths who are kneeling before him. Baron Oppenheim believes this figure symbolizes the triumph of spring over winter.

Two colossal basaltic figures of animals were discovered. They apparently guarded the palace gate. No further inscriptions are reported as having been found.

## ABBEY LEFT ONLY \$24,040.

Bequeathed Houses to President of  
Royal Academy.

Marcini Wireless Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, via Glace Bay, April 10.—The will of the late Edwin A. Abbey, the American painter, was offered for probate to-day. It disposes of an estate valued at \$240,000. There are several bequests of a public character which are to become effective immediately after the death of Mrs. Abbey, who before her marriage was Mary Gertrude Mead of New York. The house at Morgan Hall in Gloucestershire and Chelsea Lodge are to become residences for the president of the Royal Academy. The picture of "The Crusaders Sighting Jerusalem" is bequeathed to the National Gallery. Mr. Abbey's drawings of the comedies and tragedies of Shakespeare, his painting of "Hamlet" and his portraits of his wife and mother will go to the Metropolitan Museum of Art at New York.

The residue of the property is left to the Royal Academy to found the Mead-Abbey fund to purchase the best Academy pictures for the Corcoran Art Gallery at Washington. These pictures are to become the property of the American nation.

## EX-CROWN PRINCESS LOSES.

Plaintiff Husband Retains Child of  
Mother of Seven.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. FLORENCE, April 10.—After a vain attempt to bring about reconciliation between Enrico Toselli, the pianist, and his wife, who was formerly the Crown Princess Louise of Saxony, the courts to-day awarded the custody of their child, Philibert, to the father.

The mother, up to a short time ago, had the child with her but the father kidnapped it and a legal battle has been going on ever since as to its possession. This decision leaves the mother of seven children without one of them to live with her. She left six behind when she eloped from Saxony with Andre Giron, their tutor, and now the Toselli child goes to the father.

## HOBBOES' DRINKS \$200 A NIGHT.

Poisoning Case Shows Berlin Tramps  
Spent Big Sum.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, April 10.—The rehearing in the trial of the men accused of selling wood alcohol to the tramps and hobboes who frequented the public refuges here last winter, many of whom died suddenly, brought out some remarkable evidence. The testimony indicated that these men, who would not work and slept in public refuges, frequented one or two saloons of the lowest character. It was said that they spent from \$150 to \$200 a night in schnapps made from wood alcohol in a single pot-house.

## France Increases War Budget.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, April 10.—The French budget for 1913 introduced in the Chamber of Deputies to-day provides for \$16,000,000 more than in 1912 for national defense. It is estimated that the total expenditure of the French Government will amount to \$322,363,000, or an increase of \$13,340,000 over that of 1912. Of the increase \$5,200,000 goes to work of social reform, more especially for old age pensions.

## Count de Ganay.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PAU, April 10.—Count de Ganay died here to-day. He was a son of the Countess de Ganay, who was a Miss Ridgeway of Philadelphia. He was a member of the Jockey Club and an all round sportsman. He was married to the Princess Henin. Another is Mrs. O'Connor.

## Armour Entertains Kaiser.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. CORNU, April 10.—Allison Armour entertained the Kaiser and a party of 100 at luncheon on board his yacht Urvanah to-day. Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg was one of the guests.

## DIES ON OLYMPIC AFTER MUCH CARD PLAY

Harvey or Hauser Has a Heart  
Attack Laid to Heavy  
Drinking.

## RECKLESS PLAY ABOARD

Australian Pete and Col. Moore  
Encountered Him in the  
Smoking Room.

The White Star liner Olympic brought in last night a variety of rumors about the death of a first cabin passenger who called himself Barton J. Harvey and whose card gave his address as the Pasadena Country Club, Pasadena, Cal. Pasadena despatches say he is not known there and a report was current on the ship that he was Bud Hauser, a gambler and bunco stealer who has operated on Atlantic liners. One story was that he had been done up by another gambler or a group of gamblers for refusing to pay a bet and had gone to his berth and died of his heart. Another story was that he had been attacked in his stateroom.

The fact seems to be that he had been drinking heavily and that his heart gave out. The ship's surgeon, Dr. J. C. H. Beaumont, said that he had been called to the stateroom at 5 o'clock yesterday morning and had attended Harvey until he died at 7:55 of "false angina pectoris," due to overstimulation. There was no semblance of truth in any of the rumors about Harvey being hurt, except by the great quantities of liquor he drank. The body was brought to port and awaits any undertaker who may call for it.

Garvey created a sensation in the smoking room by the reckless way he played cards and the diversity of his positions. A tall, well put up Australian, whom his friends in the smoking room knew as Australian Pete, who was on the ship's list as A. McEllean and whose baggage was marked "Leina," had a few things to say about Harvey. Mr. Australian Pete has a large, very black mustache, and the words that issue thereunder are a bit on the order and accent of the late Mr. Mose, who ran "wid de hose." He was a healthy looking chap was Mr. Harvey, according to Mr. Pete, and he seemed to be drinking most of the time. He was a gambler, straight, chaffed, and said with emotion that he had handled more at a single sitting at cards than was seen all the way from Southampton. He wanted to say he approved Harvey as a game sport and a man who wanted more facts in the case, said Mr. Pete admitted that he played cards and bet on the races and that he also played golf. In proof thereof he showed in his baggage a large collection of sticks.

Col. P. B. Moore of Springfield, who gave the reporters his telephone address so that they might call him up if they wanted any more facts in the case, said "Mr. Harvey was a gentleman who could take a few drinks." Col. Moore believes in variegated attire and wears a headlight in his shirt front. He said he had swapped cards with Mr. Harvey and had given Mr. Harvey his telephone address. The Colonel had not seen anybody strike Mr. Harvey.

## PROTECTS MORALS OF PARIS.

Prefect of Police Bars Certain Sculp-  
ture From Salon.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, April 10.—Paris, which has long boasted of its liberality in the matter of art, has been shocked by M. Lepine, the Prefect of Police, who, on a preliminary visit to the annual salon which opens next week, ordered the removal of three pieces of sculpture which he judged to be detrimental to public morals. The pieces had been accepted by the judges and well placed. Increase and Multiply, a group of shadowy figures, "The Damned," "Messaline," a nude figure in terra cotta, are the titles of the barred groups.

## TRIBESMEN ATTACK FRENCH.

Column Loses Heavily, but Defeats  
Moroccans.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. OUDJDA, Morocco, April 10.—A despatch from Oudjda, Morocco, says 2,500 tribesmen attacked a French flying column west of Delboud. The French lost one officer killed and four wounded and had twenty men killed and 63 wounded. The tribesmen were dispersed.

## Italians Capture Another Port.

Marcini Wireless Dispatch to THE SUN. ROME, via London and Glace Bay, April 10.—An Italian expedition yacht occupied a port on the west coast of Tripoli, the name of which is withheld. The disembarkation of the troops was accomplished without any molestation, as Italian warships escorted a convoy made a feint and bombarded Zuara, where they had concentrated in large numbers. While this was going on the expedition was landed at the other port. The feint was completely successful.

## Gen. Booth 83 Years Old.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, April 10.—Gen. William Booth was 83 years old to-day. The chief of the Salvation Army is in better health than he was last year and says he believes his sight will be largely restored by an operation for cataract in May. He is looking forward to another tour of the United States and Canada the coming year.

## Protests Against Murders in Crete.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 10.—The Porte has instructed her Ambassadors to protest against the recent murders of Cretan Mussulmans and against the application of Greek laws to Cretes.

## New Liner's Speed Trial.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ST. NAZAIRE, April 10.—The new steamship La France of the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique finished her speed trials here to-day. She made over twenty-six knots an hour.

## RIOTING AT BRITISH MINES.

Irreconcilables Prevent Many From  
Returning to Work.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, April 10.—Disturbances are reported to-night from several points in the mining districts where work has not been resumed. In consequence of continued intimidation and rioting in Lancashire 1,100 infantry and 300 cavalry have been sent there to stop the troubles. The resumption of work has been prevented throughout the Wigan coal fields, where 20,000 men are employed, by irreconcilables who will neither return to work themselves nor allow others to do so. There was a stiff fight to-day between a mob and the police at Atherton in which many persons were injured. There were similar occurrences at Gold-dorne.

The general resumption of work was more rapid to-day and nearly half a million men were in the pits in Great Britain. This number included some thousands in South Wales and the Durham district, where the troubles with the surface men are very acute. The South Wales leaders have now ordered all miners to resume work without waiting for a settlement of the grievances of the surface men.

## ARMED MEN PROTECT NEW ORLEANS LEVEE

Reward of \$500 Offered for Man  
Supposed to Have Cut  
Flood Wall.

NEW ORLEANS, April 10.—The offering of a reward of \$500 for the man who is supposed to have cut the levee on the west bank of the Atchafalaya River has brought home to the citizens of Louisiana the most alarming feature that so far has developed in the flood situation in this State.

The crevasse to-day was the second important break in Louisiana and it, as well as its predecessor, which was in the levee on the other side of the Atchafalaya, are supposed to have been made with design. Plans under way look to arming all the levee guards in the State, including those who are patrolling the big dikes that surround New Orleans. The crevasse is six miles below Metairie, and a big section of sparsely settled territory is flooded.

President Richard of the Atchafalaya Levee Board makes the charge that the bank was cut and offers the reward. A big section of the Frisco Railroad is partly under water, and the tracks may be washed out altogether.

To-night Gov. Sanders sent guards to Alabama Dam, which protects the thriving town of Lott, in response to an appeal of citizens who have been warned that the levee will be dynamited, if necessary, to divert the waters from rich plantations on the other side of the river.

The Orleans Levee Board has commenced the erection of a washboard protection of the levees on the right bank of the Mississippi below Algiers, which is just across the river from New Orleans. The boarding, which runs up about three feet above the crest of the levee, will extend about 4,000 feet in length. The sections to be protected are the only low points in the 13.63 miles of levees under the jurisdiction of the Orleans board.

Levees on the New Orleans side range from five to seven feet above the present level of the river. The Mississippi here has advanced four-tenths of a foot in the past twenty-four hours. In Mississippi the crest of the flood had about reached Greenville and considerable fear is felt there, notwithstanding the excellent levee system. The city below the level of the river, and a rent in the dykes would mean immense damage.

## DIPLOMATS WILL PROTEST.

May Bar Shanghai Governor From  
Foreign Settlement.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, April 11.—A despatch from Peking to the Times says the diplomats will hold a meeting to consider what they regard as the intolerable action of Chen Chi Mei, the Military Governor of Shanghai, in arresting Chinese within the foreign settlements there and in deceiving others to these places for the purpose of apprehending them. The diplomats have instructed the Consuls at Shanghai to act as they deem fit to maintain the dignity of the settlement's regulations. It is expected the Consuls will expect Chen Chi Mei from the settlement, where those who sleep are in nightly fear of reprisals from the Chinese he has maltreated.

## Stolen Gems Worth Million Francs.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, April 10.—The police have given out a list of the jewelry stolen from M. de Mier, the former Mexican Minister here. It is valued at exactly a million francs, or \$200,000, and includes 277 pearls weighing 2,044 grains, emeralds of more than 400 carats and diamonds that run in value to four figures.

## BISHOP BURGESS OBJECTS.

Strongly Disapproves of Proposed  
Church Eucharist and Dance.

Bishop Burgess of the Episcopal Diocese of Long Island yesterday spoke in strong disapproval of the eucharist party and dance which had been planned by members of the Church of the Atonement in Brooklyn to help pay off the mortgage on the church property. He said "I had not heard of the purpose of the Church of the Atonement to hold a eucharist and dance. I do not approve of it at all. I have spoken against such practices several times in my annual addresses. I have no authority to stop the proposed affair. I can only act in an advisory capacity. I was asked about it if I should certify to the proposed affair. If it were shown that there was anything illegal in the way money was raised I could interfere."

"A good many churchpeople are winking at such things now, and the Roman Catholic Church raises money frequently in this way, but even that church would stop it if there was found there was any illegality in the way the money was secured. I would for my part, rather the Episcopal churches would not raise any money at all than raise it by means of eucharist and dances."

We have stopped it at the Church of the Atonement and will not accept money known to have been raised in any irregular way. St. Giles Home for Crippled Children has also decided to accept no money secured in such manner. It is altogether wrong and, as I said, I do not in the least approve of it."

The Rev. Frederick H. Handenfeld, rector of the Church of the Atonement, will expect Chen Chi Mei from the settlement, where those who sleep are in nightly fear of reprisals from the Chinese he has maltreated. He said he had not attended a eucharist and dance and didn't know what it is like.

## Budweiser

At the Top  
Because of Quality and Purity

Bottled with crowns or  
corks only at the Home  
Plant in St. Louis



## The Anheuser-Busch Brewery

Covers an area of 140 acres of ground, equal to 70 city blocks, upon which are located 110 individual buildings.

CAPACITY	
Brewing Capacity . . .	2,500,000 barrels per year
Maiting Capacity . . .	2,000,000 bushels per year
Bottling Works . . .	1,000,000 bottles daily
Grain Storage Elevators . . .	1,750,000 bushels
Stockhouses (for lagging) . . .	600,000 barrels
Steam Power Plant . . .	12,000 horse power
Electric Power Plant . . .	4,000 horse power
Refrigerator Plant . . .	4,000 tons per day
Ice Plants . . .	1,200 tons per day
Coal Used . . .	325 tons per day

FREIGHT	
Inbound and Outbound . . .	50,000 cars per year

Total Sales, 1911—1,527,832 Barrels

Budweiser Bottled Beer Sales, 1911—173,184,600 Bottles

ANHEUSER BUSCH BRANCH—F. ALFRED PIEPER, Mgr., NEW YORK

## THIEF USES DEPUTY SHERIFF'S BADGE

Hooked It With the Overcoat of  
One of the New \$10,000  
Specials.

## HARBURGER IS PAINED

Finds His 75 Cent Badges Have  
Been Duplicated in Gilt  
by Bearers.

Guy Henry Witthaus, who manages the Witthaus estate, lives at the Hotel Le Marquis and is a cousin of Prof. Rudolph Witthaus, the chemist, sent out a general alarm at Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon for special deputy sheriff's badge No. 165 and at the same time asked the police to find a man about 5 feet 7 inches tall, who wears a close cut grayish mustache and Mr. Witthaus's overcoat.

Mr. Witthaus, who is one of Sheriff Harburger's new \$10,000 specials, isn't so anxious to get the badge as the overcoat, because he has a gold plated badge that cost him \$7, whereas the one that was stolen retails at 75 cents. The Sheriff, however, is more concerned about the badge, especially as there is reason to believe that the thief who has it is using it. Early yesterday afternoon a Pennsylvania Railroad official went into the Grand Union Hotel and set his traveling bag down beside the desk. When he turned to pick it up it wasn't there. He learned that a man carrying a bag had just walked over toward the Grand Central, so he followed. In the station waiting room he saw his bag and he got a policeman and Assistant Station Master McLaughlin interested.

The three approached a man who was sitting beside the bag and asked if it was his. He said that it wasn't and that the owner had just gone over to buy a ticket. They asked him to identify himself, and the three took the bag of an overcoat of good quality and displayed a special deputy Sheriff's badge No. 165. They apologized and the owner of the bag took it and walked away. McLaughlin then decided to ask the Sheriff's office who was the owner of the badge and was informed that it belonged to Mr. Witthaus.

When McLaughlin told the Sheriff what had happened the Sheriff sent word to Mr. Witthaus to come to the office quick. When he got there he said that on Washington's Birthday he was playing billiards at the Hotel Savoy and hung up his overcoat, which was almost new. When he went to get it the coat was gone. On inquiry he learned that a man fairly well dressed, except that he had no overcoat, had come in for a drink and gone out with the coat. The man was given on the spot a \$100 reward. The Sheriff's office was informed that the man was given on the spot a \$100 reward.

Mr. Witthaus said that there was a \$200 reward for the man who had the coat. He said that he had a gold plated badge and had a gold plated badge made, which he kept pinned to his waistcoat. This was the first new Sheriff Harburger had that his \$10,000 deputies weren't satisfied with their 75 cent badge and were able to get gold plated duplicates. The Sheriff called up the badge maker and asked about it. He learned that other special deputies had obtained gold badges and the manufacturer didn't know he was doing wrong. One man who got one was Claude W. Harburger, a broker connected with Wasserman Bros., who is not related to the Sheriff.

Sheriff Harburger said later that he read the riot act to the badge makers.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Albert North, Mrs. Adolph Gargenberg, the Rev. Dr. Sol Pool, Mrs. Isaac Eisenberg, Mrs. J. S. Sals, Mrs. Arnold Silver, the Rev. Dr. Clinton H. Levy, Cecil Busky and Mrs. Simon Liebowitz.

Two explosions and a fire which followed them wrecked a three story brick building at 2157 First avenue last night. The ground floor of the building is occupied by the Teatro Italiano, an Italian moving picture and vaudeville house. The audience had been dismissed half an hour before the first explosion.

## EXPLOSION WRECKS THEATRE.

Fire Threatens Tenement—Pistol  
Shots From Windows.

Two explosions and a fire which followed them wrecked a three story brick building at 2157 First avenue last night. The ground floor of the building is occupied by the Teatro Italiano, an Italian moving picture and vaudeville house. The audience had been dismissed half an hour before the first explosion.

Patrick Reilly of 1750 Second avenue, watchman for the Consolidated Gas Company, which has two gas tanks across the street, was in a vacant lot next to the theatre at the time of the explosions. He was knocked down and rendered unconscious. Policemen found him and brought him around all right.

The police are uncertain whether the explosions are to be attributed to bombs or to gas. The first explosion came at 11:15 P. M. and the second a few minutes later. The second blew out a six foot square section of the south wall of the building near the stage of the theatre. Fire started with the first explosion. Deputy Chief Dougherty sent in a second alarm on his arrival.

There is a six story double tenement filled with Italians adjoining the building on the north. Capt. Corcoran's reserves from the East 14th street police station went through the tenement and got everybody out.

Many of the men stood excitedly in the windows and fired off their revolvers instead of trying to get themselves and their families out.

Salvatore Locascio, proprietor of the moving picture place, said that he had closed up the theatre at 11 o'clock after looking through it carefully. He said he had received no threats.

The second floor of the building was occupied by a photographer's gallery instead of trying to get themselves and their families out.

All three stories were gutted.

## RAILROAD CHANGES IN BOSTON.

Foss and New Haven Officers Agree  
on Bill.

BOSTON, April 10.—Announcement was made here to-day that a bill is to be filed in the Legislature providing:

First—For the dissolution of the Boston and Maine Railroad Company and a lease of the Boston & Maine to the New York, New Haven & Hartford.

Second—For the electrification of the New Haven Railroad from Boston to the North End of the Metropolitan district.

Third—For the construction of a new line of the Boston & Maine from the North End of the Metropolitan district to the North End of the Metropolitan district.

This measure is to be introduced as the result of a series of conferences between officers of the New Haven road and Gov. Foss, and if it is passed means the abandonment here of from \$50,000,000 to \$75,000,000.

## Dix to Sign Court House Bill.

ALBANY, April 10